# DIFFERENT TYPES OF HUNGER

### March 23, 1-1:50 PM EDT Presented by Megrette Fletcher, M.Ed., RD, CDE TCME co-founder, Executive director

All of your senses can trigger the experience of hunger, craving or desire. **Your senses when eating are:** 

- Eyes (sight of food)
- Nose (smell of food)
- Tongue (taste of food)
- Touch (mouth feel of food)
- Sound (noise of eating, noise present when eating)

All of your cognitive senses can also trigger hunger, craving or desire. **Your cognitive (coming from the brain) senses are**:

- Mind (knowledge)
- Thoughts (ideas, associations, whims)
- Feelings
- Memories
- Sense of Self (how you see yourself, the world, life)

#### **Understanding Physical Hunger**

What does physical hunger feel like? Description by Michelle May, M.D., in her *Am I Hungry? Workbook* (pg. 33).

#### **Physical Hunger**

- Hunger pangs or gnawing feeling
- Emptiness
- Nausea
- Irritability
- Headache
- Low energy/Fatigue
- Difficulty concentrating
- Feeling you must eat now

## The Center for MINDFUL EATING

The difference between physical and emotional hunger from Brian Wansink's book *Mindless Eating* (pg. 153)

Physical Hunger	Emotional Hunger
<ul> <li>Builds gradually</li> </ul>	Develops suddenly
<ul> <li>Strikes below the neck</li> </ul>	Above the neck
<ul> <li>Occurs several hours after a meal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unrelated to time</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Goes away when full</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Persists despite fullness</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Eating leads to feeling of satisfaction</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Eating leads to guilt and shame</li> </ul>

When food is before us, we might experience **Sensory Hunger**. Jan Chozen Bays, M.D., has described different types of hunger in her book *Mindful Eating* (pg. 12).

*Eye Hunger*: This is what the eye sees – now listen to what the mind says *Nose Hunger*: Smell – now listen to what the mind says

Physical Hunger	Emotional Hunger	Sensory Hunger
<ul> <li>Builds gradually</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develops suddenly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Eyes (sight of food)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Strikes below the neck</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Above the neck</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nose (smell of food)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Occurs several hours after a meal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unrelated to time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tongue (taste of food)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Goes away when full</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Persists despite fullness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Touch (mouth feel of food)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Eating leads to feeling of satisfaction</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Eating leads to guilt and shame</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sound (noise of eating, noise present when eating)</li> </ul>

## The Center for MINDFUL EATING

*Mouth Hunger*: Is your mouth hungry? – now listen to what the mind says *Stomach Hunger*: Notice if the stomach is full or not, satisfied or not, after you take a bite.

The following hungers are not specifically sensory.

*Mind Hunger*: Can you hear what your mind is saying about food? The mind talks in "should" or "should nots."

Cellular Hunger: Become aware of this food passing into the body.

*Heart Hunger:* Is the heart saying anything about this food? This includes any emotions and memories about food.

### Sometimes we hunger for something that isn't related to food.

When this happens, it is helpful to pause and ask yourself, "What am I hungry for?" Allow yourself to think BEYOND food. When you do this, you can begin to include some other needs you hunger for. The work by Marshall Rosenberg, Ph.D., called *NonViolent Communication*, <u>www.cnvc.org</u>, talks about acknowledging that every person has some basic needs. These include:

- Meaning and Purpose
- Autonomy (independence)
- Safety
- Empathy
- Sustenance (food, nourishment for body, mind and spirit)
- Creativity
- Love
- Community
- Rest/Relax/Play

The following books were used to create this teleconference:

- Jan Chozen Bays, M.D., Mindful Eating, Shambhala 2009
- Michelle May, M.D., Am I Hungry? Workshop, www.amihungry.com
- Michelle May, M.D., *Eat What You Love, Love What You Eat*, Greenleaf Book Group Press, 2009
- Marshall Rosenberg, Ph.D., NonViolent Communication, www.cnvc.org
- Brian Wansink, Ph.D., Mindless Eating, Bantam Books 2006

### The Center for MINDFUL EATING

Below is a chart of common feelings that arise to help us know if a need is or is not being met. Idea: Cut out these two boxes and refer to them at your next meal or snack.

Needs Box		
Needs Not Met	Needs Met	
• AFRAID	• AFFECTIONATE	
• ANNOYED	• CONFIDENT	
• ANGRY	• ENGAGED	
• AVERSION	• INSPIRED	
• CONFUSED	• EXCITED	
• DISCONNECTED	• EXHILARATED	
• DISQUIET	• GRATEFUL	
• EMBARRASSED	• HOPEFUL	
• FATIGUE	• JOYFUL	
• PAIN	• PEACEFUL	
• TENSE	• REFRESHED	
• VULNERABLE		
• YEARNING		
•		

A 2-step approach to learn what are
you really hungry for.

#### Step 1

Create 3 intentional pauses when eating: Before the first bite, during the meal and at the end of the meal. At each pause, see if any of the feelings in the Needs Box are present.

*Cultivate the intent of learning (not judging) more about any physical, emotional, sensory hunger that is present.* 

#### Step 2

Ask yourself:
"What type of hunger do I have?"
Physical, Emotional or Sensory Hunger

- "Will eating help meet my hunger? Yes, No, Not Sure
- "What type of food would help me best meet my hunger?"

Explore and experiment with your food selections.